



ACC Charlotte:

ESG Elements & Considerations



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Setting the Stage: What is ESG?



What is ESG?





Environmental





Social





Governance





Poll Question

Which area of ESG challenges your company the most?

- E
- S
- G



What Considerations Should an ESG Program Include?



Poll Question

Does your company have an integrated and comprehensive ESG program?

- Yes
- No
- Working on it!



ESG Program

- ESG is a broad term that covers a range of ever-evolving topics and issues.
- Not all ESG topics are relevant or material to a company.
- There is not a "one size fits all" approach.
- ESG is a journey and takes time.

VALUES-BASED

Successful ESG programs are valuesbased. The company's values determine the relevant ESG topics and goals.



METRICS

Using a risk-based and tailored approach to determine and satisfy ESG metrics is critical.

DISCLOSURES

Any ESG-related voluntary or mandatory disclosures must be accurate.



STRATEGY & OPERATIONS

ESG goals should be part of the overall corporate strategy and operations.



Who is Involved in Corporate ESG Efforts?





Focusing on the "E"



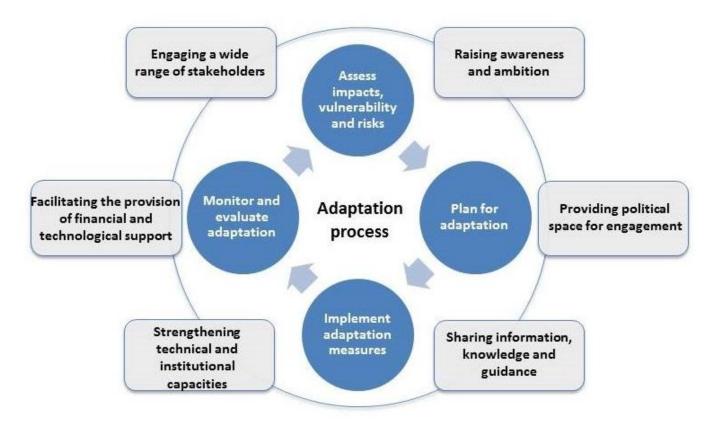
Environmental

Mitigation



https://climatechange.lta.org/mitigation/

Adaptation/Resilience



https://unfccc.int/topics/adaptation-and-resilience/the-big-picture/what-do-adaptation-to-climate-change-and-climate-resilience-mean



Poll Question

Has your company published a sustainability report?

- Yes
- No
- Planning or working on it!



The Big Picture



90%

of major U.S companies* published a sustainability report in 2019, up from 86% in 2018 and 20% in 2011.



16%

of public U.S. companies mentioned ESG in their SEC filings



>1,500

companies backed the reporting framework in 2020, 5X the number in 2017.



Climate Risk

Major global companies* are on track for >3°C warming, falling



72%

short of required emissions reductions to achieve the Paris Agreement**.



Major global companies face \$284 billion carbon pricing costs in 2025, representing

13%

of earnings.

Nearly

95%

of major U.S. companies and 80% of major global companies will face moderate physical risk by 2050.

Corporate Performance

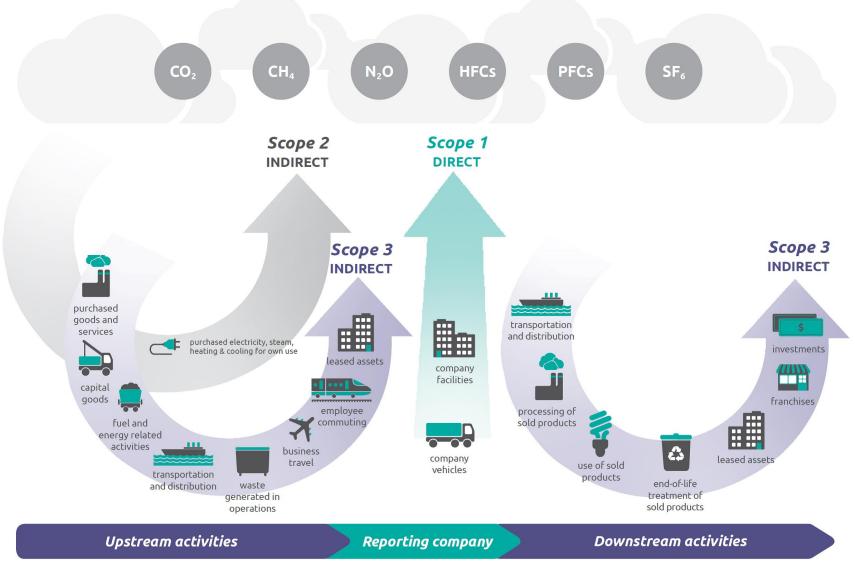
Major U.S. companies achieved an average S&P Global ESG score of



40/100

in 2019, while their major global companies achieved 47/100.



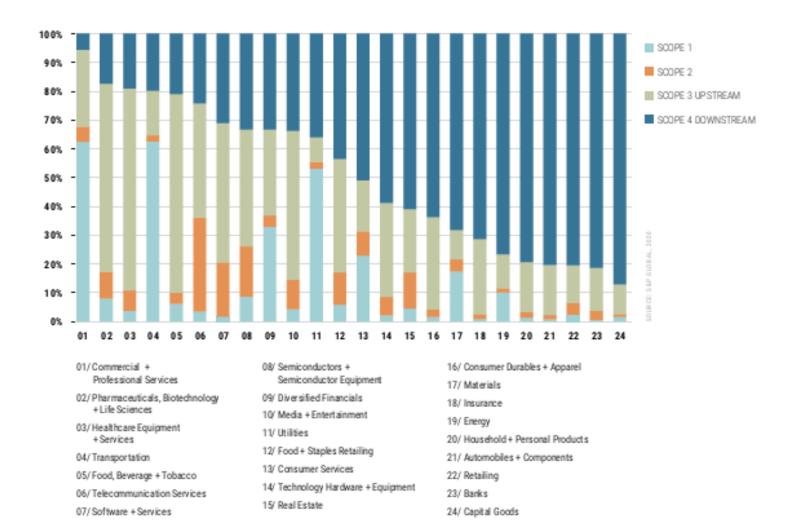


https://www.epa.gov/climateleadership/scope-1-and-scope-2-inventory-guidance



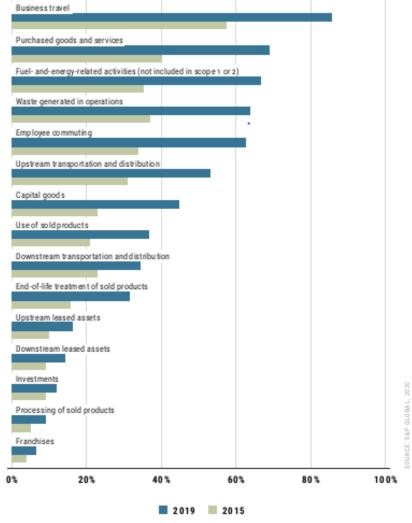
Scope 3 Downstream Sources Are a Major Contributor to Total GHG Emissions

% OF TOTAL GHG EMISSIONS FOR GLOBAL COMPANIES IN 2019



Companies Are Becoming More Transparent About Value Chain Emissions

PERCENTAGE OF COMPANIES DISCLOSING EACH OF THE 15 GHG SCOPE 3 CATEGORIES



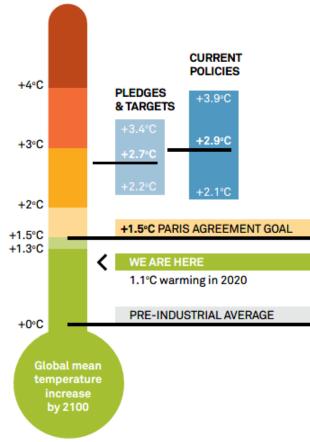


Paris Agreement

- Aims to substantially reduce global greenhouse gas emissions in an effort to limit the global temperature increase in this century to 2°C above preindustrial levels, while pursuing the means to limit the increase to 1.5°C.
- Includes commitments from all major emitting countries to cut their climate pollution and to strengthen those commitments over time.
 - NDCs
- Provides a pathway for developed nations to assist developing nations in their climate mitigation and adaptation efforts and creates a framework for the transparent monitoring, reporting, and ratcheting up of countries' individual and collective climate goals.
- While parties are legally obligated to have an NDC, and to pursue measures with the aim of achieving it, achievement of the NDC is not a legally binding or enforceable commitment.

Figure 1: Climate Action Tracker Warming Projections





Source: Climate Action Tracker, September 2020.

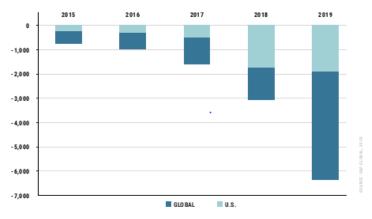


U.S. Path to Reduce Emissions

- U.S. has committed to cut GHG by 26 to 28% below 2005 levels by 2025 and by 50 to 52% below 2005 levels by 2030.
 - Climate Change Executive Orders
 - GHG Tailoring Rule GHG emissions from the largest stationary sources were, for the first time, covered by the PSD and title V Operating Permit Programs beginning on January 2, 2011.
 - Automotive fuel economy standards to reduce transportation emissions.
 - Clean Power Plan/Affordable Clean Energy Rule → Carbon Regulatory Limbo
 - Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act
 - ESG initiatives/COP26
 - Carbon pricing initiatives that put an explicit price on GHG emissions expressed in a monetary unit per tCO2e (i.e., carbon taxes, emissions trading systems (ETSs), offset mechanisms, and results-based climate finance (RBCF)).

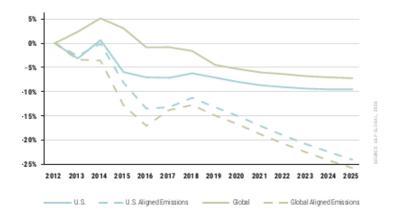
Companies Embrace More Ambitious Absolute GHG Emissions Reduction Targets

GHG EMISSIONS REDUCTION TARGETS (MILLION TONNES CO2E)



Significant Emissions Reductions Are Needed to Align With a 2 Degrees Celsius Scenario

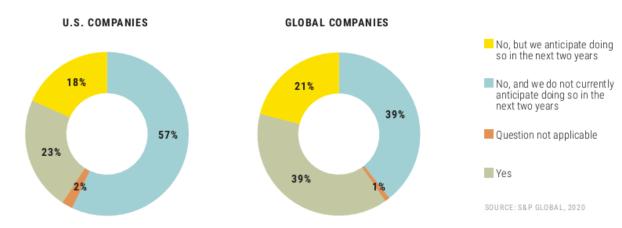
% CHANGE FROM 2012 EMISSIONS





Minority of Companies Have Set Internal Carbon Prices, but More Plan to Do So in Next Two Years

% OF COMPANIES SETTING A CARBON PRICE



State of Green Business 2021 – S&G Global

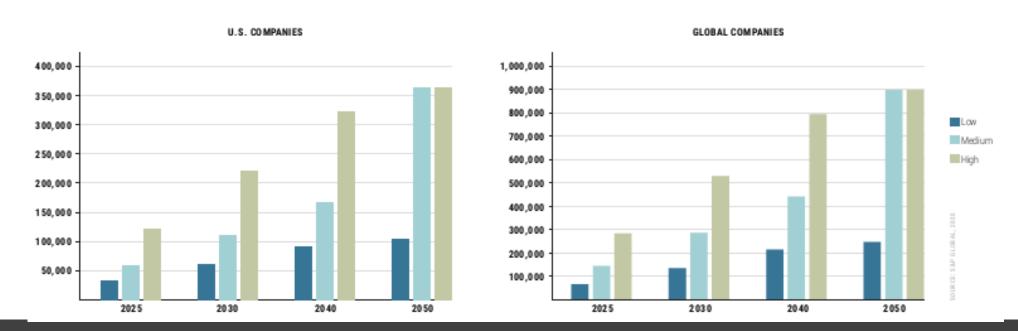






Hundreds of Billions in Unpriced Carbon Costs Expected by 2050

UNPRICED CARBON COST UNDER DIFFERENT SCENARIOS AND YEARS IN MILLION USD





What Should Your Strategy Be?

- It's not just about disclosures
- Quantify risks/opportunities
- Clear, defined strategy to address climate change
 - Attain resilience
 - Finance activities
 - Don't forget about opportunities
 - Achieve net-zero emissions
- ESG is a journey



Poll Question

Does your company have a plan to attain net zero?

- Yes
- No
- What is net zero?







Net Zero

- Clear, attainable plan
- Low-hanging fruit: energy conservation and renewable energy sources.
- Contractual Mechanisms
 - Physical and Virtual Power Purchase Agreements
 - Carbon Offsets Emissions Reductions Purchase Agreements



Focusing on the "S"



Board of Directors Diversity Requirements

The SEC is in the proposed rule stage.

The Commission's Staff may look to the NASDAQ rules and California laws as useful inputs.



SEC Approves Nasdaq's Board Diversity Disclosure Rule

- On August 6, 2021, the SEC approved Nasdaq's Board Diversity Rule.
- The Rule requires companies listed on the Nasdaq U.S. exchange to:
 - Publicly disclose annually board-level diversity statistics using a standardized template; and
 - Have or explain why they do not have at least two diverse directors.
- Smaller reporting companies and foreign issuers can meet the objective by including two female directors.
- Companies with five or fewer directors can meet the objective by including one diverse director.







NASDAQ'S BOARD DIVERSITY RULE WHAT NASDAQ-LISTED COMPANIES SHOULD KNOW

LAST UPDATED AUGUST 17, 2021

Nasdag's Board Diversity Rule, which was approved by the SEC on August 6, 2021, it a disclosure standard designed to encourage a minimum board diversity objective for companies and provide stakeholders with consistent, comparable disclosures concerning a company's current board composition.

If you have questions about implementation of the rule or gaining access to complimentary resources to facilitate your board search, email us at drivingdiversity@nasdaq.com.

BOARD DIVERSITY RULE

Nasdaq's Board Diversity Rule requires companies listed on our U.S. exchange to:

- · Publicly disclose board-level diversity statistics using a standardized template; and
- Have or explain why they do not have at least two diverse directors.

The rule also provides additional Recibility for Smaller Reporting Companies and Foreign issuers, which can meet the diversity objective by including two female directors, and for all companies with five or fewer directors, which can meet the diversity objective by including one diverse director.

WHAT NASDAQ-LISTED COMPANIES SHOULD KNOW

 Nasdaq will host several live webinars to help companies understand key elements of the Board Diversity Rule.

Nasdaq will host several live webinars to help companies understand key elements of the rule, how to gain access to a variety of free board recruiting services, and give participants an opportunity to ask questions. Webinars will also be available for replay.

2. Companies need to disclose board-level diversity data annually.

All operating companies listed on Nasslan's U.S. exchange will need to use the Board Diversity Matrix found bern, or a format substantially similar, to annually disclose board-level diversity data. Companies will provide this disclosure in the company's proxy statement or its information statement (or if the company does not file a proxy, its Form JO-K or 20-F), or on the company's website. Examples of acceptable (i.e., same or substantially similar) and unacceptable (i.e., substantially different) disclosures are provided bare.

Companies must disclose the initial matrix in 2022.

- If a company files its 2022 proxy BEFORE August 8, 2022 and DOES NOT include the Matrix, then the company has until August 8, 2022 to provide the Matrix.
- If a company files its 2022 proxy ON or AFTER August 8, 2022, then it must either include the Matrix in its proxy or post the Matrix on its website within one business day of filing its proxy.
- If a company does not intend to file a 2022 proxy, then the company has until August 8, 2022 to provide the Matrix on its website.

Companies that elect to provide the Matrix on its website must also complete a short form through the Listing Center that includes the URL link to the disclosure.

Companies need to meet a board diversity objective or explain their reasons for not doing so, and the
explanation could include describing a different approach.

Nasdaq-listed companies that do not have at least two diverse directors, including one who self-identifies as female and one who self-identifies as either an underrepresented minority or LGBTQ+, would provide an explanation for not doing so, and their explanation could include a description of a different approach.

This rule is not a mandate and does not set a hard target that companies must adhere to regardless of their circumstances. If a company chooses to explain why it does not meet the diversity objectives, it would provide its explanation in its proxy statement, information statement for its annual shareholder meeting, or on the company's website. Nacdaq will verify that the company has provided an explanation, but will not assess the merits of the explanation. There is no right or wrong reason that a company may give for not having at least two directors.



This rule is not a mandate and does not set a hard target that companies must adhere to regardless of their circumstances. If a company chooses to explain why it does not meet the diversity objectives, it would provide its explanation in its proxy statement, information statement for its annual shareholder meeting, or on the company's website. Nasdaq will verify that the company has provided an explanation, but will not assess the merits of the explanation. There is no right or wrong reason that a company may give for not having at least two directors.



California



- In 2018 and 2020, respectively, California passed laws governing board diversity for public companies.
- The laws apply to foreign and domestic publicly-held corporations with principal executive offices in California.
- By the end of 2021, covered corporations must have at least one diverse director.
- By the end of 2022, companies with boards of nine or more directors, must have at least thee diverse directors; boards with between four and eight directors must have at least two diverse directors.
- Fine of \$100,000 for the first violation and \$300,000 for subsequent violations.



Ethical Sourcing Risks

Cotton from Xinjiang



Managing E-Waste





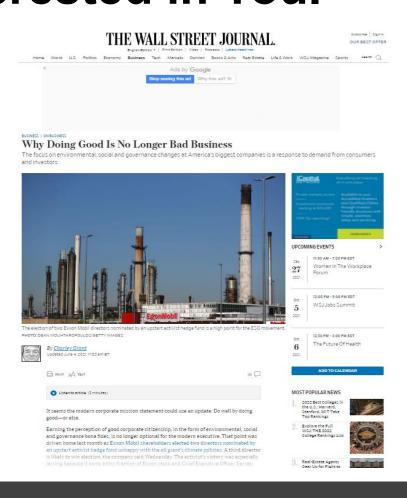




Focusing on the "G"



"You Might Not be Interested in ESG, but ESG is Interested in You."



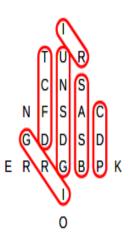
- Stakeholders will continue to demand corporate ESG efforts and achievements.
- Current S&P 500 members issued 610 news releases referencing environmental, social and governance topics during the first five months of 2021.
- According to Sentieo, that is double the rate from the same time period last year.
- Companies, including compliance personnel, need to be ready to respond to this continuous pressure by determining a values-based ESG program, with accurate and complete disclosures, that can lead to competitive returns.

The Many ESG Reporting Frameworks

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I T U R C N S N F S A C G D D S D E R R G B P K I O
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CDP IR TCFD
GRI SASB UN SDG





Potential Legal Risks of Disclosures



GOVERNMENT ENFORCEMENT

- SEC Regulatory Compliance
- International Regulatory Compliance
- State Regulatory Compliance
- Federal and State Consumer Protection Laws
- · False Claims Act
- Fraud



SHAREHOLDER ACTIONS

- Directors & Officers Litigation
- · Breach of Fiduciary Duty
- Misleading the Market
- Making False Statements
- Derivative Actions



CONSUMER ACTIONS

- · Product Liability
- Discriminatory Practices
- Breach of Unfair Competition Statutes
- Breach of Consumer Protection Laws
- Unfair Trade Practices
- · False Advertising



BUSINESS LITIGATION

- · Breach of Contract
- Fraud
- Alternative Dispute Resolution



SEC Sample Letter on Climate Change Disclosures

September 2021

Name ABC Corporation Address

Dear Issuer:

We have reviewed your filing and have the following comments regarding compliance with the topics addressed in the Commission's 2010 Guidance Regarding Disclosure Related to Climate Change, Release No. 33-9106 (Feb. 2, 2010). In some of our comments, we may ask you to provide us with information so we may better understand your disclosure. Please respond to these comments by providing the requested information and/or revising or updating your disclosure as applicable. If you do not believe our comments apply to your facts and circumstances, please tell us why in your response.

General

1. We note that you provided more expansive disclosure in your corporate social responsibility report (CSR report) than you provided in your SEC filings. Please advise us what consideration you gave to providing the same type of climaterelated disclosure in your SEC filings as you provided in your CSR report.

Risk Factors

- 2. Disclose the material effects of transition risks related to climate change that may affect your business, financial condition, and results of operations, such as policy and regulatory changes that could impose operational and compliance burdens, market trends that may alter business opportunities, credit risks, or technological changes.
- Disclose any material litigation risks related to climate change and explain the potential impact to the company.

- 7. If material, discuss the physical effects of climate change on your operations and results. This disclosure may include the following:
 - severity of weather, such as floods, hurricanes, sea levels, arability of farmland, extreme fires, and water availability and quality;
 - quantification of material weather-related damages to your property or operations;
 - potential for indirect weather-related impacts that have affected or may affect your major customers or suppliers;
 - decreased agricultural production capacity in areas affected by drought or other weather-related changes; and
 - any weather-related impacts on the cost or availability of insurance.
- 8. Quantify any material increased compliance costs related to climate change.
- If material, provide disclosure about your purchase or sale of carbon credits or offsets and any material effects on your business, financial condition, and results of operations.

We remind you that the company and its management are responsible for the accuracy and adequacy of their disclosures, notwithstanding any review, comments, action or absence of action by the staff.

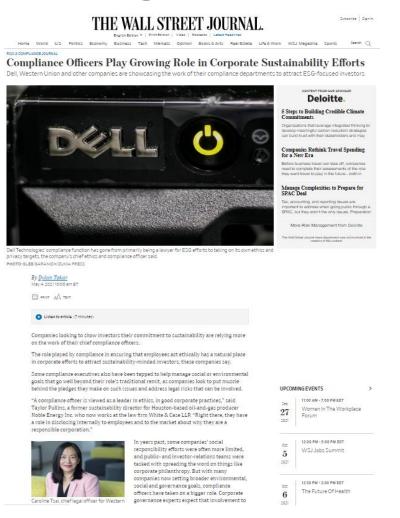
Sincerely,

Division of Corporation Finance



Compliance Department's Increasing ESG Role

- Compliance departments have a role by providing:
 - Data and metrics;
 - Insight on laws and regulations; and
 - Best practices.
- "Some compliance executives also have been tapped to help manage social or environmental goals that go well beyond their role's traditional remit, as companies look to put muscle behind the pledges they make on such issues and address legal risks that can be involved."









External Parties Can Bring About Change & Risk

- Activist shareholders
- **E**‰onMobil Short Sellers/Researchers
 - Lordstown Motor Corporation
 - Nikola Corporation and its founder
 - Clover Health Investments Corporation
 - Ormat Technologies Inc.
 - DraftKings
- Courts
- Whistleblowers







Cautionary Tale: DWS Group

According to an August 2021 WSJ article, among other things, DWS

- Had difficulty defining and implementing an ESG strategy;
- Issued a 2020 annual report that may have painted a "rosier-than-realty picture" to the public on its ESG efforts;
- Referenced "ESG integration," in its report, when possibly "only a small fraction of the investment platform" applies the integration; and
- Allegedly terminated the former Sustainability Chief, the day before the report's issuance.



Cautionary Tale: DWS Group

The WSJ described how the former Sustainability Chief made an executive board presentation claiming:

- There was not a clear ESG strategy;
- The company lacked certain policies; and
- ESG personnel were treated as "specialists" and not part of decision-making.

After the WSJ article, both the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of New York and the SEC initiated an investigation of DWS.

BaFin, a German regulator, also opened an investigation.



What's Next?



Tougher Approach to Corporate Wrongdoing

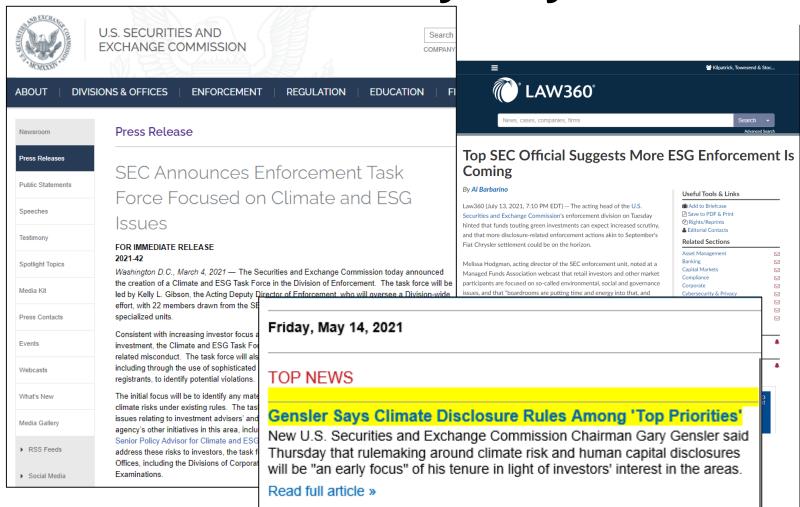
DOJ

- Last week, the DOJ announced that it will launch a corporate crime crackdown.
- John Carlin, Principal Associate Deputy Attorney General explained: "You should expect in the days, months, years to come an unprecedented focus...on corporate accountability."
- The DOJ mentioned how it will reveal cases involving "some of the largest corporations" operating in the U.S.

SEC

- Although independent, SEC Chairman, Gary Gensler described how the DOJ's approach to prosecuting corporations is "broadly consistent" with how to handle corporate offenders.
- Mr. Gensler mentioned the importance of corporate accountability and cooperation.

What Was Voluntary May Become Mandatory





Topics Magazine Data Advisor Penta

ESG INVESTING

New EU Regulations on Sustainable Investing Could Hit U.S. Funds Soon

By Leslie P. Norton March 12, 2021 11:46 am ET

Text size (-) (+)



U.S. funds may see increased pressure to disclose their sustainable investing practices.

Spencer Platt/Getty Images New regulations governing sustainable investing in the European Union could affect U.S. investors soon.

This week, new EU <u>rules</u> took effect for managers of sustainable funds—or those that invest according to environmental, social or governance (ESG) considerations. Now these fund managers must report specifics of how they do their investing. The EU's

Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation, or SFDR for short, affects all asset managers that raise money in the EU, even if they are not based there. That means the new regulations have implications even for those funds offered to U.S. investors.

The rules are aimed to prevent so-called greenwashing, or funds being marketed as sustainable when they are only superficially so. Among other things, money managers in the EU must classify their funds either as non-sustainable; as owning investments with particular environmental or social characteristics; or as contributing to a specific environmental or social objective. This will require changes to disclosures and marketing materials, with money managers needing to report how they assess their companies across a range of metrics. The detailed disclosures must be supplied beginning in 2022.



Waiting for Certainty Given the Current Challenges

External Challenges

- Lack of clarity around:
 - Voluntary standards and frameworks
 - ESG ratings and rankings
- Rapidly changing regulatory landscape
- Lack of industry standards
- Pandemic's effect

Internal Corporate Challenges

- Lack of:
 - Buy-in from senior leadership or directors
 - Quality and consistent data
 - Resources
 - Internal expertise
- Not knowing where to prioritize



While Waiting For Certainty....

- Suggest that legal counsel as well as compliance personnel should get involved earlier to vet disclosures
- Begin constructing the interdisciplinary team that is needed to guide the company's ESG journey
- Focus on material ESG risks and opportunities
- Map out data sources that the company will rely on for ESG-related disclosures

- Develop training and awareness building for the board of directors and executive management on ESG risks
- Start engaging or building the skills sets of key departments on critical ESG risk topics for your company
- Understand from your external auditors what they plan to focus on with regard to ESG
- Begin measuring your ESG successes



Poll Question

Given what we covered in this CLE, what is your company's biggest challenge for handling ESG issues?

- Budget and resources for ESG programs and disclosures
- Creating more awareness surrounding ESG risks
- Creating an ESG interdisciplinary team
- Creating an integrated and comprehensive ESG program





Questions?