NC CLE Professional Well-Being

WHOYOUCALLIN'CRAZY?! A Guide to Understanding Mental Health

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SUN COUNSELING & WELLNESS

I go to therapy @YEPIGOTOTHERAPY



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Raise your hand if you have mental health...



Mental Health Is Health We ALL have mental health.

The World Health Organization says, "There is no health without mental health." How many of these phrases regarding mental health have you heard or even said or thought to yourself?

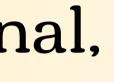
Mental health issues aren't common. People with mental health issues are dangerous. Mental illnesses aren't actual illnesses: they're not truly a health issue. Mental health problems are permanent. Mental health struggles are a sign of weakness. Mental health issues only affect certain people. It's weak to show emotions or vulnerability. I'm the only one going through this or feeling this way. Things really aren't that bad; other people have it worse. I should be able to get over this. There's something wrong with me. I have no reason to feel sad or anxious; my life is fine. You can will yourself out of this feeling because your life is good.

Defining Mental Health

Mental health is the state of our emotional. psychological, and social well-being.

It influences how we think, feel, and behave in daily life, as well as how we cope with stress, relate to others, and make decisions.

The ultimate trifecta: mental health, physical health, & spiritual health.



Mental Health

Is how we think, feel, and behave toward ourselves and others

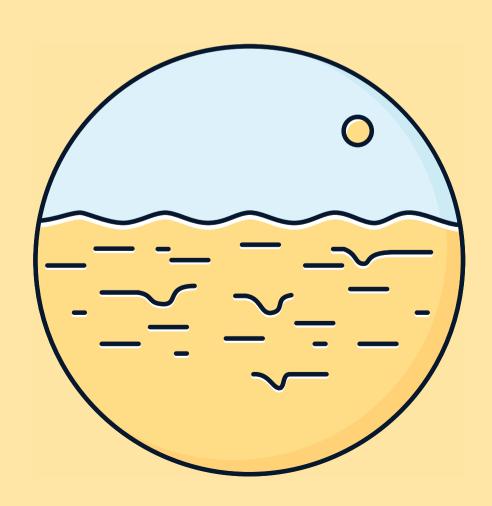
Impacts how we relate to others

Impacts how we take on what life throws at us

Includes emotional intelligence Includes our capacity for stress and for ALL emotions, both comfortable and uncomfortable Different experiences with our mental health can require different levels of attention and support Impacts how we make choices and decisions Impacts how we make sense of our physical and spiritual health

Impacts each unique individual differently Impacts how we adapt to handling stress, connecting with others, and navigating choices in life

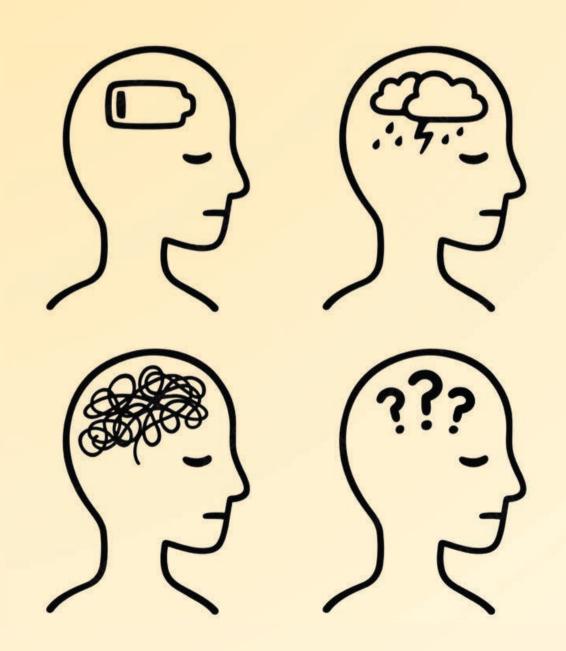
Well-being is not the absence of hardships and stressors.



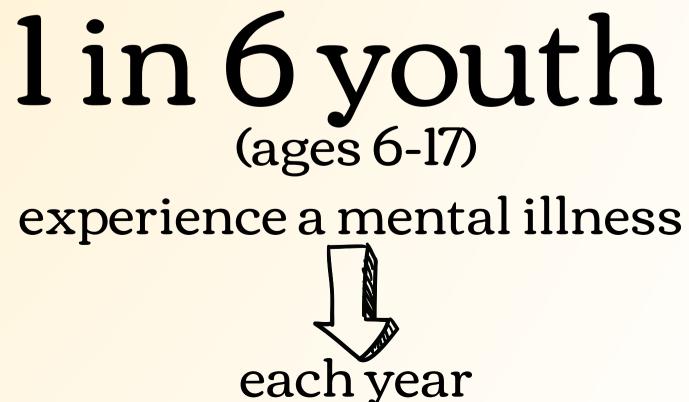


Mental Illness

Mental Illnesses are diagnosable clinical disorders. They are biopsychosocial diseases, impacted by one's brain structure, genetics, life experiences, and environment.







Biological Factors:

Genetic predisposition Neurochemical imbalances

Psychological Factors:

Trauma and adverse childhood experiences Poor coping mechanisms for stress or emotions

Social & Environmental **Factors**:

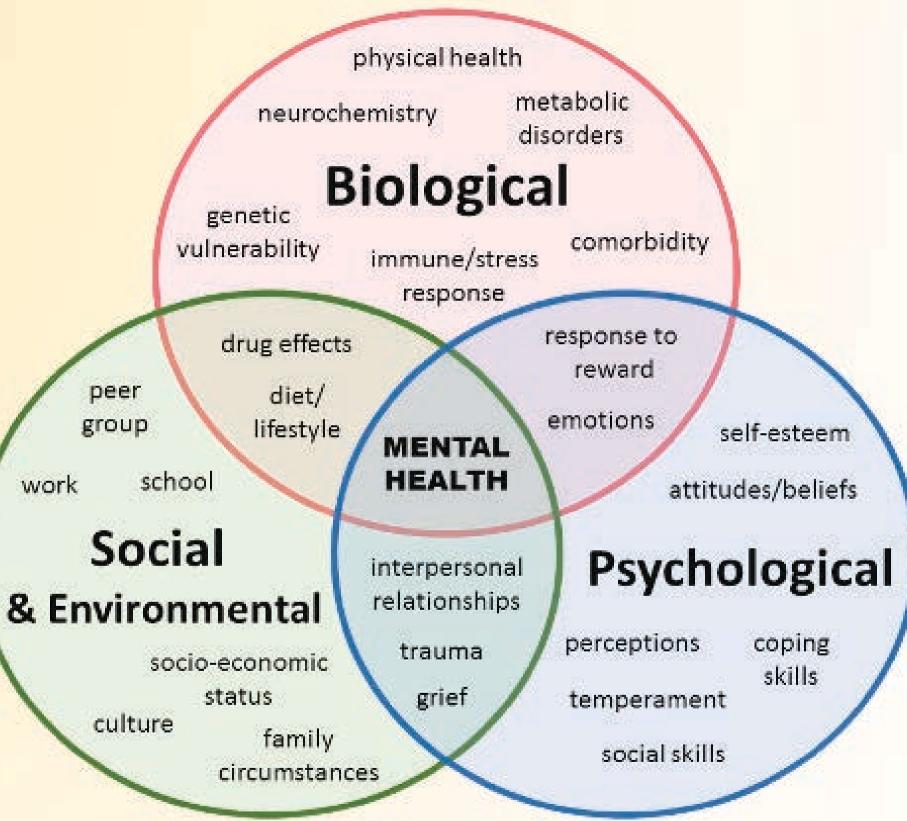
Peer pressure or cultural norms Lack of support systems **High-stress environments** (e.g., workplace, family dynamics).

peer group

school work

Social

culture



Per the Center for Disease Control and Prevention, more than 50% of Americans will be diagnosed with a mental illness or disorder at some point in their lifetime.



The pandemic was associated with a high prevalence of anxiety and depression symptoms in adults, as well as increased loneliness.

What is Stigma?

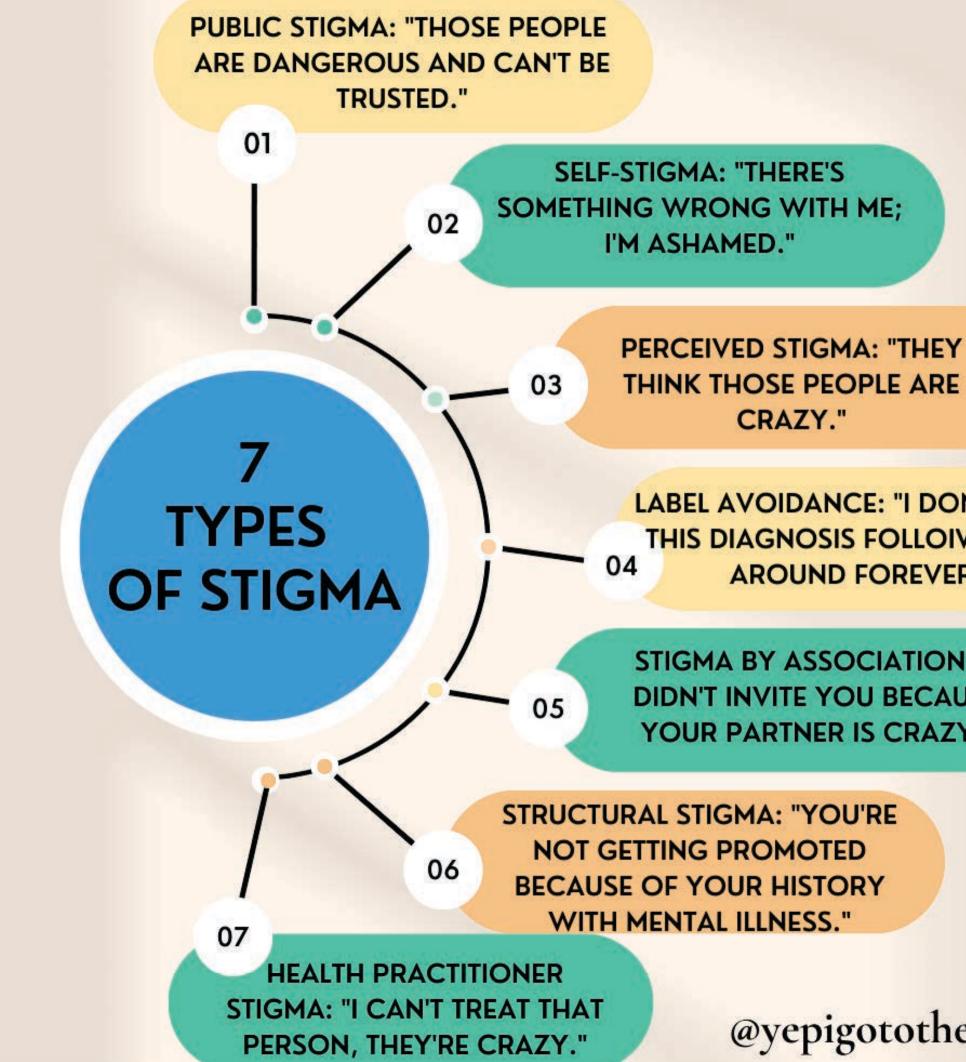




"The disgrace, social disapproval, or social discrediting of individuals with a mental health problem." (International Journal of Mental Health Systems)

Mental health-related stigmas can contribute to difficulty, or resistance to, accessing treatment.

Mental Health Stigma



LABEL AVOIDANCE: "I DON'T WANT THIS DIAGNOSIS FOLLOIWING ME **AROUND FOREVER."**

STIGMA BY ASSOCIATION: "I DIDN'T INVITE YOU BECAUSE YOUR PARTNER IS CRAZY."

@yepigototherapy

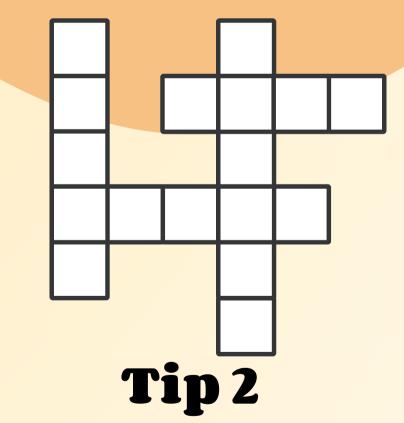
Mental Health Stigma for Attorneys



- A Culture of Perfectionism and
 - High Achievement
- Competitive and High-Stakes Environment
- Traditional Norms and **Resistance to Change**
- Confidentiality Concerns
- Unique Stressors in the Profession
- Subtle Barriers to Wellness
- Lack of Systemic Support

Three Tips

Beyond leadership support, education, and cultural changes....



Change the language, change the stigma

Tip 1

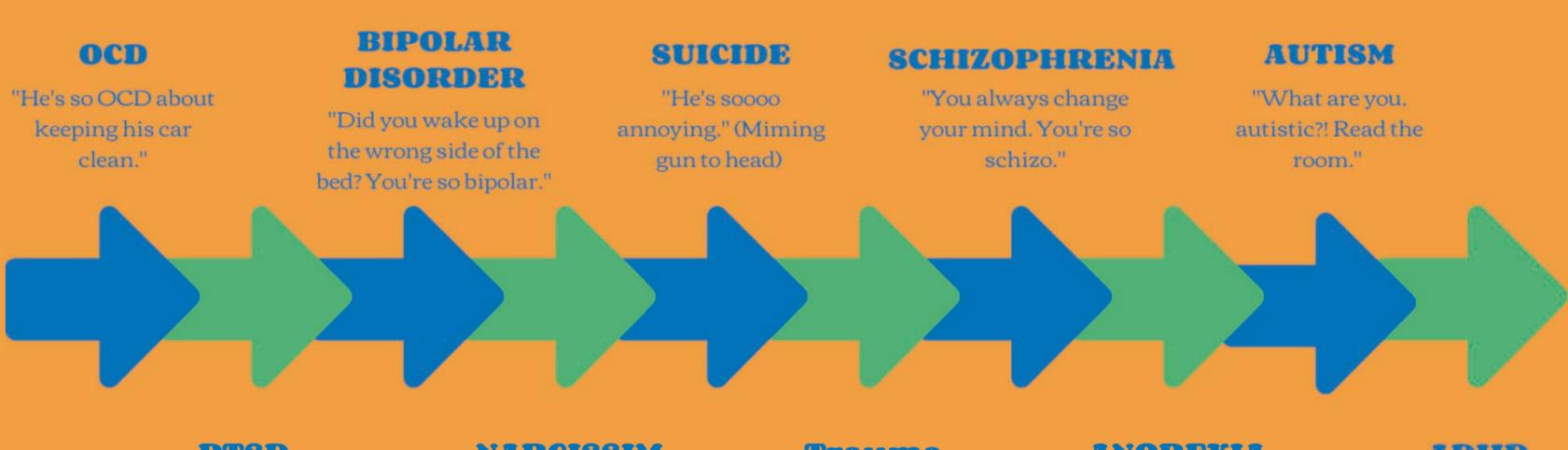
Understand different types of mental health related stigmas





Practice vulnerability and authenticity

STOP SAYING THESE THINGS CASUALLY



PTSD

"You're gonna give m PTSD if you keep saying that!"

NARCISSIM

"She's so selfish. What a narcissist!"

Trauma

"Ugh, I'm traumatized that I can't wear that outfit tonight!"

ANOREXIA

"I wish I was anorexic: I like pizza too much!"

ADHD

"Ok. ADHD brain. do you ever follow through?"

Practicing Vulnerability

Really pausing to check-in with yourself when someone asks how you are

Asking someone how they are truly doing and waiting for a response

Sharing something a little more honest and less superficial

Setting appropriate boundaries

Expressing your feelings (i.e. not fighting back tears)

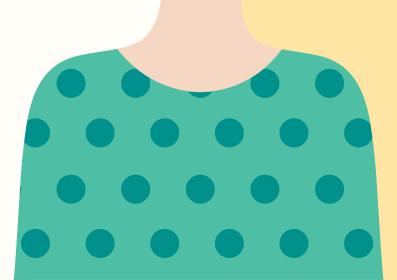
Getting out of your head and into your body when you feel uncomfy emotions like guilt, shame, or fear

Owning and acknowledging out loud when something is hard or stressful Asserting yourself when your needs aren't being met or when a boundary is violated

Asking for what you need

Saying no to something that doesn't align or you don't have time for

Understanding your own mentalhealth



Emotional Well-Being having a healthy range of emotions and the ability to manage them effectively (coping) Psychological Well-Being cognitive processes and mental functioning: rational thought processes, problemsolving abilities, and coping skills

Resilience the ability to bounce back from life's challenges, setbacks, and stressors Self-Esteem/Self Worth valuing self, practicing acceptance and self-compassion Social Well-Being quality of our social connections and relationships; sense of belonging

Wellness & Balance achieving a fulfilled life with balance between work, relationships, leisure, and self-care

The Mind-Body Connection

- The interaction
 between our
 thoughts,
 emotions, and
 physical state.
- The physical experience of emotions.



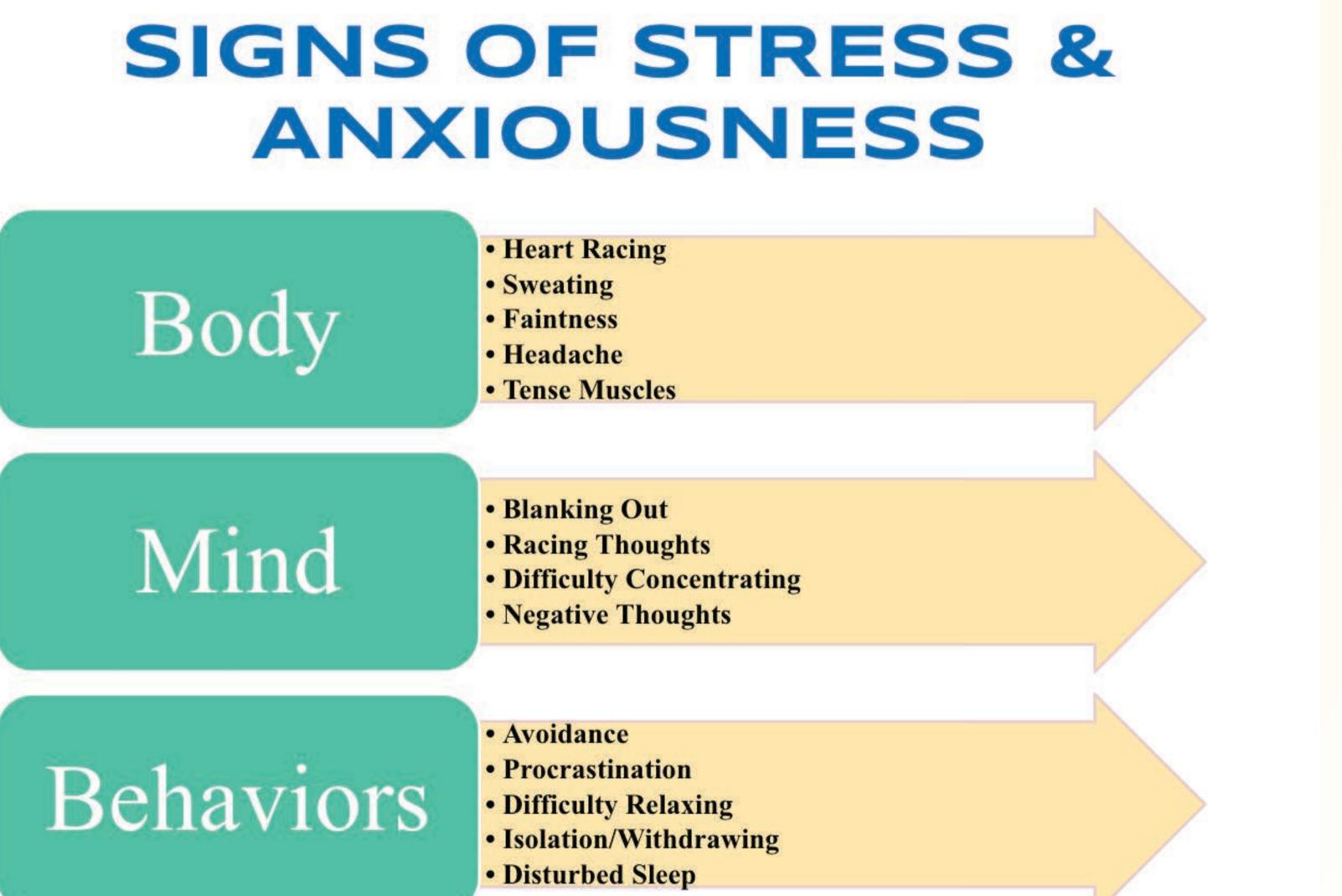
THOUGHTS



FEELINGS



BEHAVIOR



WARNING SIGNS of Mental Illness

Diagnosing mental illness isn't a straightforward science. We can't test for it the same way we can test blood sugar levels for diabetes. Each condition has its own set of unique symptoms, though symptoms often overlap. Common signs and/or symptoms can include:

0

Feeling very sad or withdrawn for more than two weeks

Trying to harm or end one's life or making plans to do so

0

Severe, out-of-control, risk-taking behavior that causes harm to self or others

Sudden overwhelming fear for no reason, sometimes with a racing heart, physical discomfort or difficulty breathing



Significant weight loss or gain

Seeing, hearing or believing things that aren't real*

Excessive use of alcohol or drugs

Drastic changes in mood, behavior, personality or sleeping habits

Extreme difficulty concentrating or staying still

Intense worries or fears that get in the way of daily activities

"Various communities and backgrounds might view this sign differently based on their beliefs and experiences. Some people within these communities and cultures may not interpret hearing voices as unusual.

Substance Use





Stigma specific to substance abuse/addiction

- Misunderstanding addiction as a choice rather than a disease
- Historical and cultural narratives
- Fear and lack of education
- Perceived connection to personal responsibility
- Interpersonal impact
- Subtle barriers to wellness
- Lack of systemic support



Substance Use and Mental Health

Occasional, habitual, or compulsive use of substances that alter mood, perception, or behavior.

• Lawyers report higher rates of substance use and mental health concerns than many other professions. • Nearly 1 in 5 lawyers struggles with alcohol misuse, and 28% report symptoms of depression. 50%+ of individuals with a substance use disorder (SUD) have a co-occurring mental health condition (e.g., depression, anxiety, PTSD).

Warning Signs of Substance Misuse

Behavioral Red Flags:

Missing deadlines, errors in work, or diminished productivity

Early detection and compassionate inquiry can prevent substance misuse from escalating.

Increased irritability, fatigue, or unexplained

Reliance on alcohol or other substances to manage

Normalizing heavy drinking at firm events or celebrating "work hard, play hard."

Avoidance of clients or colleagues **Physical and Emotional Signs:**

health issues

stress

Cultural Cues:

Harm Reduction and Recovery in **High-Stress Professions**

Harm Reduction Approaches:

Encourage moderation and healthier coping mechanisms Promote firm policies that prioritize well-being (e.g., mental health days, support programs)

Integrated Support:

Use Employee Assistance Programs (EAPs) confidentially Seek peer support from lawyer-specific recovery groups (e.g., Lawyers Concerned for Lawyers, local bar associations)

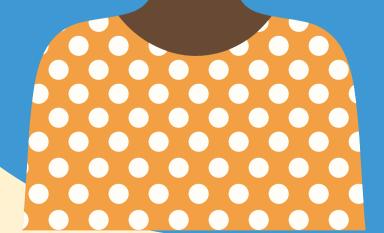
Creating a Recovery-Friendly Culture: Shift away from stigma and normalize discussions about

mental health

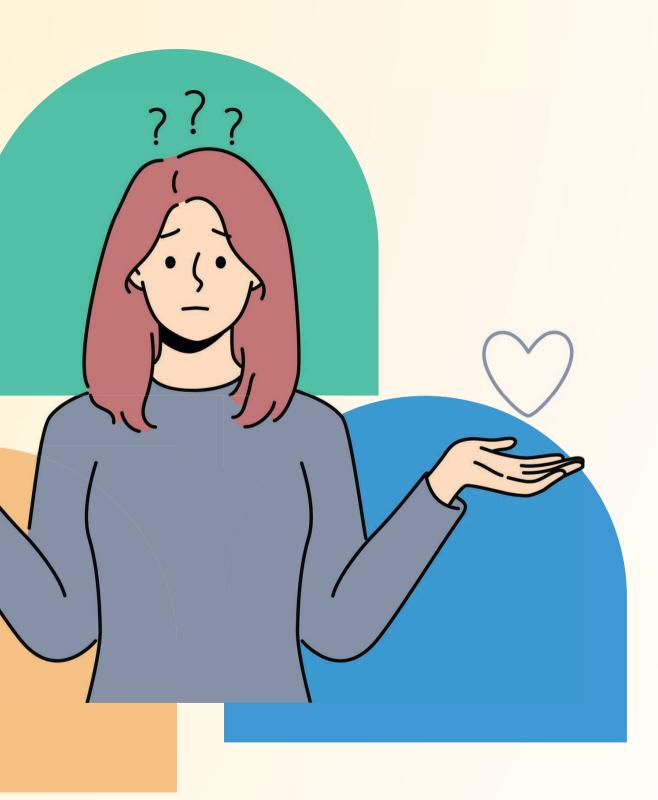




How do we "tend to our mental health?!"

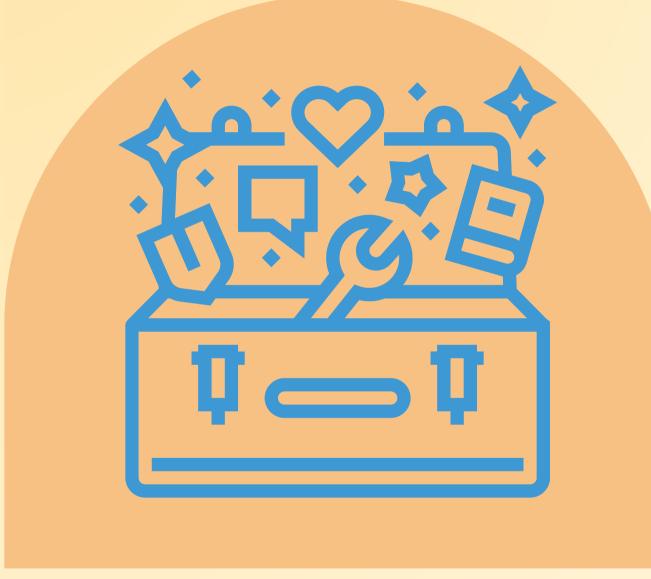


I don't have to like it or want it, but I can... TOLERATE it!



Coping Skills

- Coping ski use to discomfor into place unconsciou red
- Adaptive coping skills will allow us to feel better physically and emotionally, and will increase our resiliency.



- Coping skills are the techniques we use to deal with stress or
- discomfort. They are things we put
 - into place either consciously or
- unconsciously to problem-solve or reduce discomfort.

Develop Coping Skills



Taskoriented/solutionfocused coping skills

These skills deal with the specific cause of the problem: we know what the problem is, and there's an identifiable solution.

Avoidanceoriented coping skills

These skills can only provide short-term "relief." It is important to use intentionally and infrequently.



Emotionoriented coping skills

These skills are focused on emotional responses and tend to be more of the skills and concepts clients learn in therapy.

-7-8 **GAIN CONTROL OF YOUR BREATHING**

Rest the tip of your tongue against the roof of your mouth, right behind your top front teeth.

Parting your lips, exhale any breath remaining in your lungs through your mouth.

Close your mouth and inhale through your nose while you count to **FOUR** in your head.

Hold in that deep breath for **SEVEN** seconds.





Η

relaxation can be tough! Breathing techniques, such your body in a state of deep relaxation.



worrisome situation by giving

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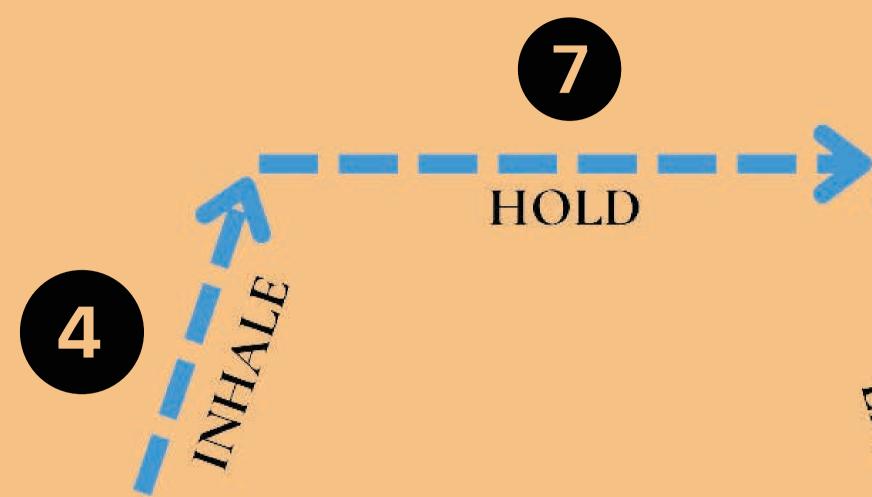
WHY?

4 - 7 - 8

Incorporating patterns that require you to hold your breath

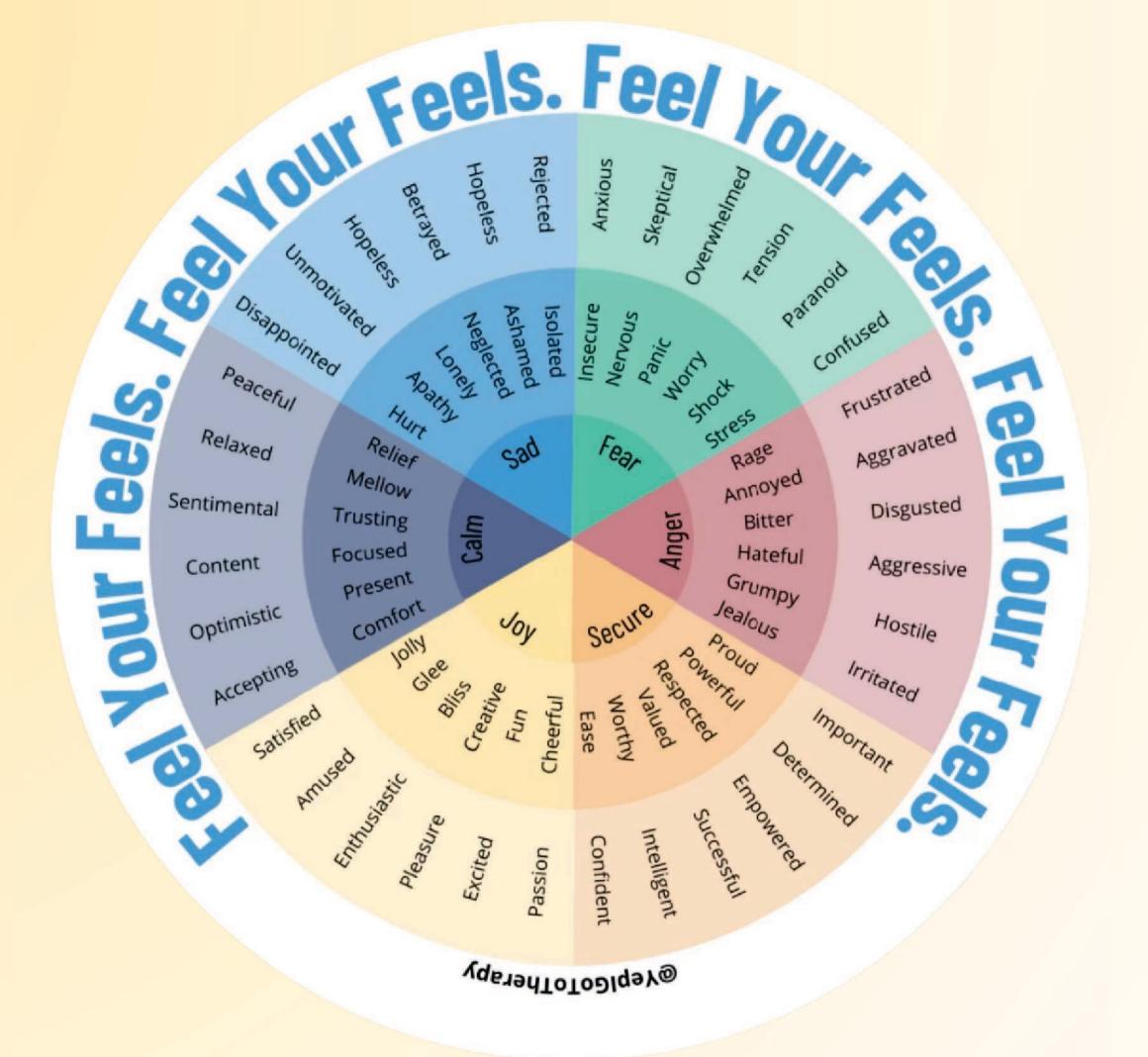


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Where does WORK fit into this?







You simply can't have everything at 100% all the time.

Sometimes, what we think we're sacrificing for success is actually what's holding us back.

The pursuit of perfection often leads to burnout, and real balance comes from giving yourself permission to be human.

Moving up the ladder doesn't have to mean sacrificing everything else in your life. You just need the right strategies.

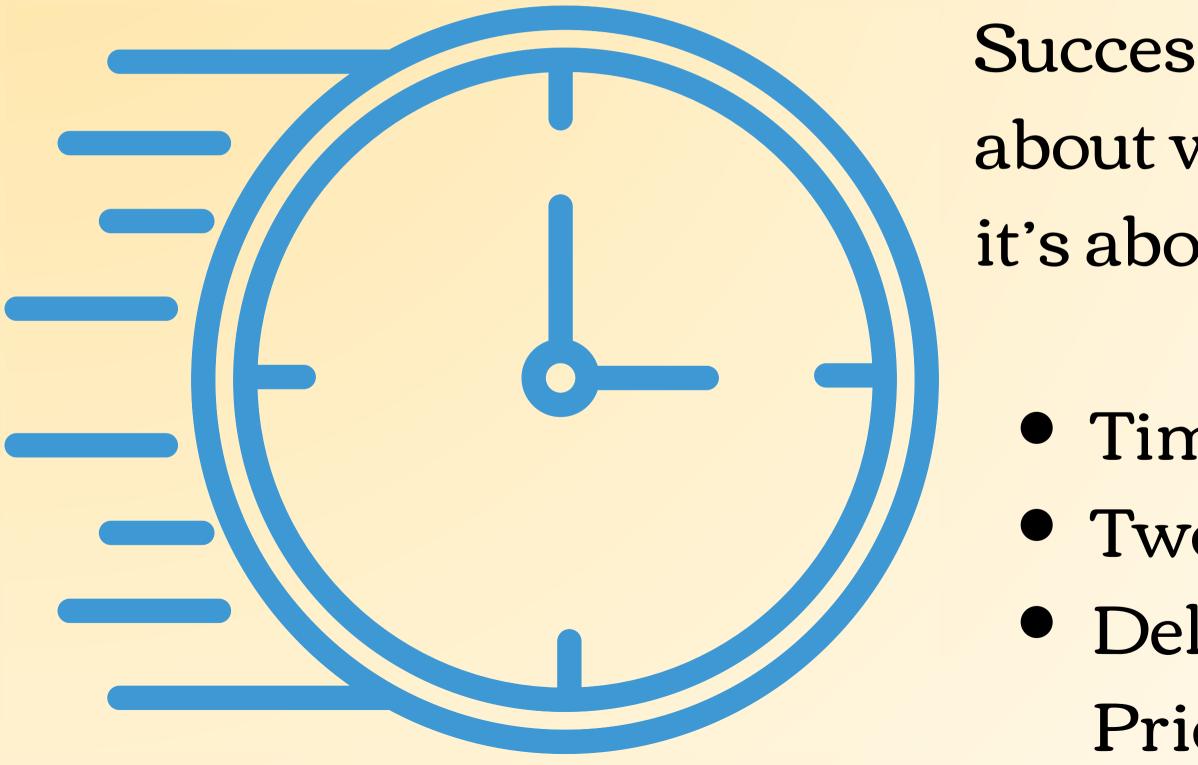
You get to define success for you and understanding that balance looks different at different stages of life.



Work/Life Flexibility



The potential fear of promotion/leadership



Successful leadership isn't about working more_ it's about working <u>smarter</u>.

Time blocking
Two minute rule
Delegation and Prioritization

Multitasking



Mental Health Buzzwords / More Coping Strategies

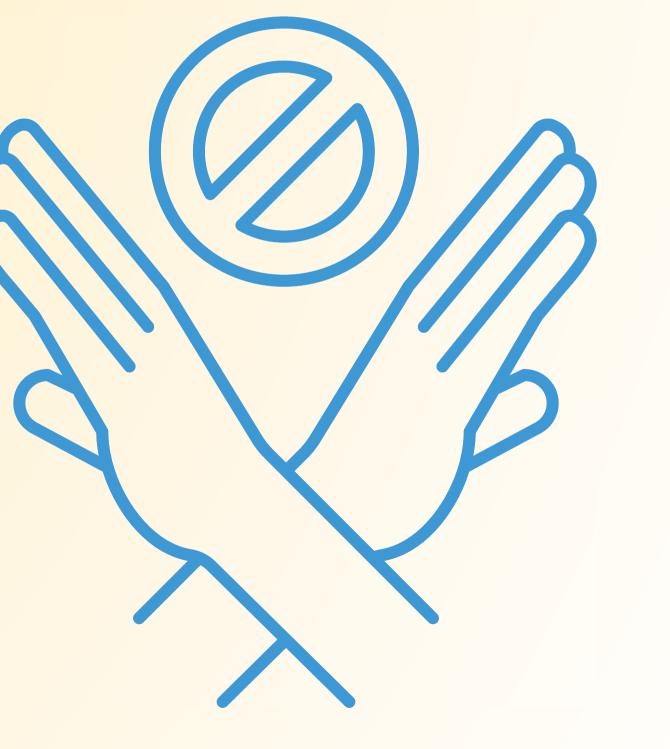
Mindfulness

Paying attention to the PRESENT moment, on PURPOSE, without JUDGMENT.

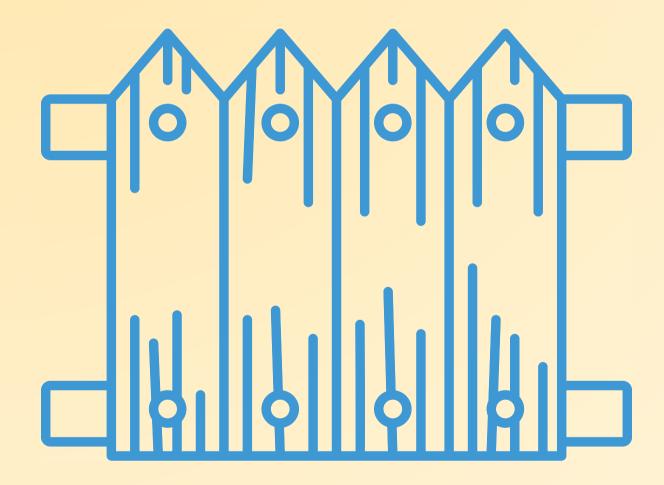


Essential guidelines and limits that individuals set in their personal and interpersonal relationships to define what is acceptable and what is not.





Boundaries



Boundaries are not the enemy of success_they're the secret to sustainability.

- Assertiveness

• Three-tiered yes/no filter Microboundaries

Self-Care

Delibe practices in to pric their ph emoti



Deliberate actions and

practices individuals engage

- in to prioritize and promote
- their physical, mental, and
 - emotional well-being.

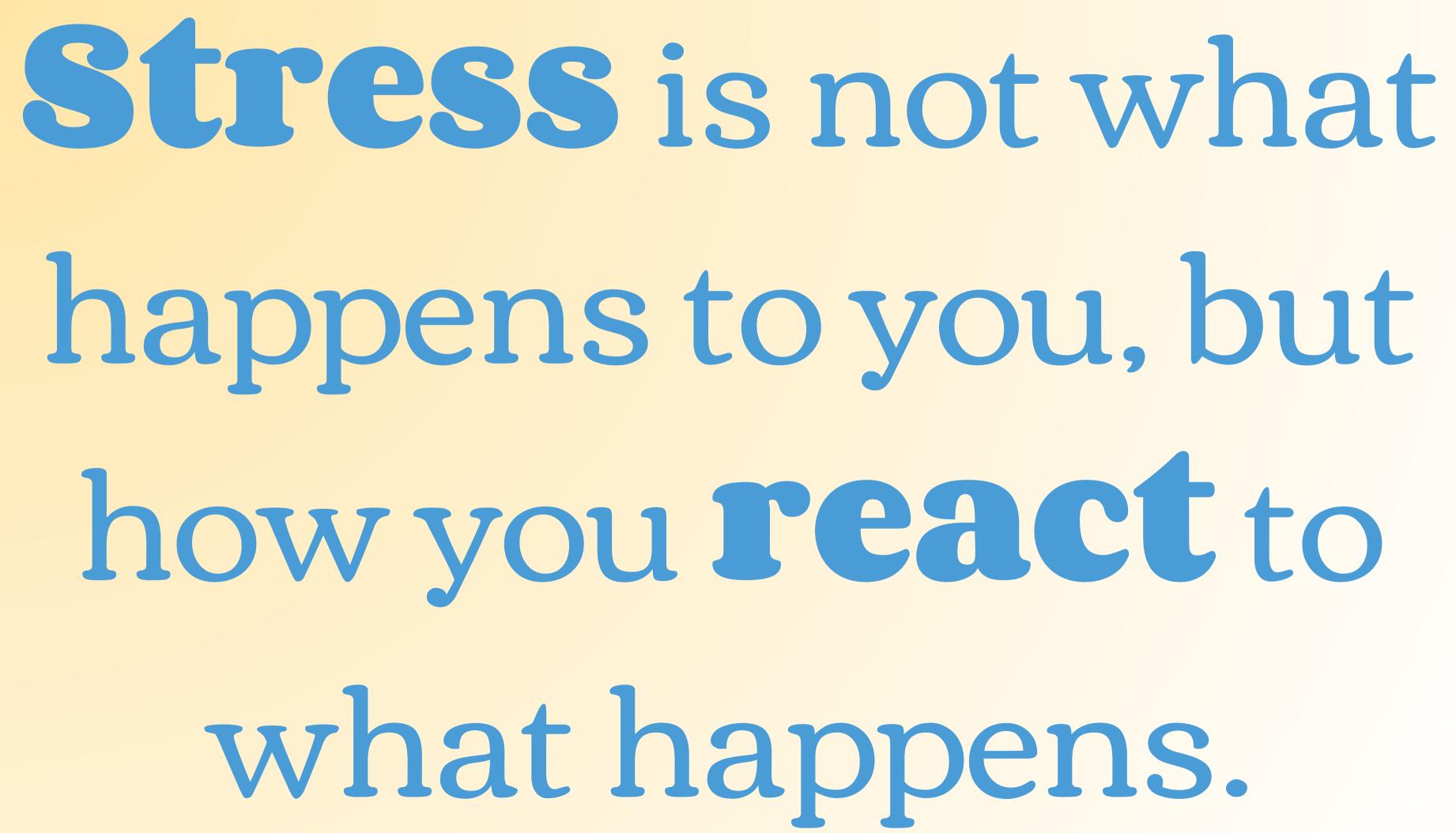
Self-Compassion



- Treating oneself with the same
- kindness, care, and understanding
- that one would offer to a good friend
 - in times of difficulty or suffering;
 - being gentle and nurturing toward
 - oneself rather than being self-
 - critical, judgmental, or harsh.

I am a human BEing, not a human DOing.





I PPIDASI

the

process.





Raise your hand if you have mental health...

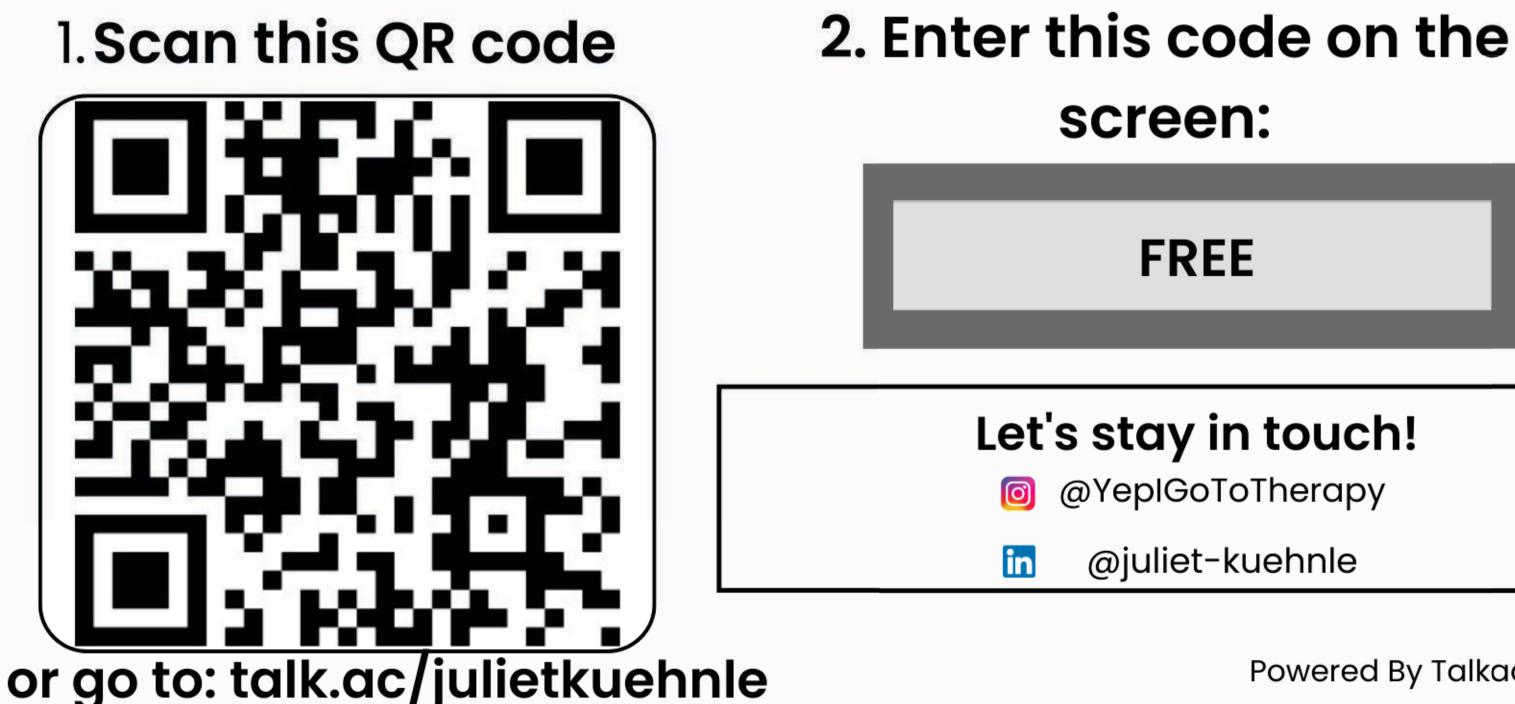


AFINAL **REMINDER:**

Mental health IS health and you deserve to take care of your mental health everyday!



Give feedback to Juliet!



WHO YOU CALLIN CRAZY? urney From Stigma to Therap

JULIET KUEHNLE

screen:

FREE



Let's stay in touch! @YeplGoToTherapy

@juliet-kuehnle

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