Top Multistate Compliance Issues: Employee Handbooks, Remote Workers, and Nondisclosure and Noncompetition Agreements in the New Age of Work

Presented by:

Michael D. Ray (Charlotte)
Allen Thomas (Raleigh)





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Agenda

- I. Benchmarking Data
- II. Employee Handbooks and Other Multistate Issues
- III. Restrictive Covenant Agreements



Benchmarking Data

2022 Benchmarking Survey







^{*}Ogletree Deakins Benchmarking Survey of Legal Decision-Makers at Top Companies, published April 2022

Employee Handbooks And Related Multistate Issues

- Interplay of federal, state, and local laws
 - One size typically does not fit all
 - Using disclaimers; at-will language
 - Use of state-specific policies or addenda?
 - Apply the most generous requirements across the board?
- Consider how employees will access handbook
 - How to obtain acknowledgments
 - What languages do employees speak?
- Consider headcount in each jurisdiction and any government contracts



- Handbook structure
 - Strongly consider not including:
 - Arbitration agreements
 - Restrictive covenant agreements
 - Releases of liability or other contracts
 - Temporary policies (including COVID-19-related policies)



- How often to update? Annually, if possible.
 - State leaves and paid sick leave requirements vary widely
 - Drug testing and marijuana are more complicated than you think
- Keeping pace with where your organization does business
 - States and localities with challenging regulations
 - AZ, CA, CO, HI, IL, MA, MD, MN, NJ, NM, NY, OR, VA, and WA
 - Boston, Chicago, Los Angeles and San Francisco (and many more in CA), Miami, New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Seattle, Tacoma, Washington, D.C., etc.



- Best way to roll out new/updated handbook?
 - Training for managers
 - Sending correct message to employees
 - Obtain acknowledgments each time the handbook is updated



- What key policy updates should be considered before 2023?
 - Did you put COVID-19 policies in the handbook?
 - Workplace safety and health (general statement)
 - Remote work (consider whether to keep separate)
 - Retaliation (not just in the anti-harassment policy)
 - The tide is turning at the NLRB
 - Double-check paid sick leave compliance



Top Multi-State Issues

- Minimum Wage and Overtime Laws
- Meal and Rest Break Laws
- Paid Sick Leave Laws
- Expense Reimbursement Laws
- PTO/Vacation policies
- Tax Implications
 - Expense reimbursement tax
 - Income tax
 - Unemployment tax



Paid Sick Leave States/Localities

- Arizona; California (plus 9 localities); Colorado; Connecticut (limited to service workers)
- District of Columbia; Chicago and Cook County, Illinois; Maine (paid time off law)
- Maryland (plus Montgomery County); Massachusetts; Michigan
- Duluth, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Minnesota
- Nevada (paid leave law); New Jersey; New Mexico (plus Bernalillo County)
- New York (plus New York City); Oregon
- Allegheny County, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
- Rhode Island; Vermont; Virginia (limited to home health workers)
- Washington (plus Sea Tac, Seattle, and Tacoma)



Flexible/Unlimited PTO Policies

- Currently lawful in all states
- Clear policy is key
- Recommend addressing use of PTO for extended leaves of absences
- No accrual and no bank of time
- Avoid annual use cap
- Clearly indicate paid sick leave compliance (if applicable)
- Transition from current plan is key to comply with applicable state laws



Expense Reimbursement States

- California
- Connecticut (follows federal law)
- District of Columbia
- Illinois
- lowa
- Massachusetts (travel expenses only)
- Montana
- New Hampshire
- South Dakota
- North Dakota



Consider Taxes!!!

- Payroll registrations in states where the business is not otherwise registered
- Tracking employee work locations/Remitting proper state taxes
- Potential corporate tax issues



Restrictive Covenant Agreements

One Size Does NOT Fit All

- Understand federal, state, and common laws governing unfair competition
- Draft and implement restrictive covenant agreements that will be enforceable in your state
- Be prepared to enforce and litigate



Restrictive Covenants

- Why do you want one?
- Why do you need one?
- Will you enforce it?
- Where will you enforce it?
- Will your executive and business teams take the time/expense to enforce it?



What Is a Restrictive Covenant?

- An agreement with an employee to refrain from engaging in certain activities during employment and post-employment
- It's a contract
 - Needs consideration
 - Needs to be separate from other employee contracts
 - NOT an contract for employment



Four Main Restrictive Covenants

- Non-Competition: Don't work for the competition or open a competing business
- Non-Solicitation: Don't solicit customers, employees, vendors, and/or referral sources
- Trade Secrets/Confidential Information: Don't disclose or use



Support for Restrictive Covenants – State-Specific

• Legitimate business interests

- Trade secrets or other confidential information
- Extraordinary or specialized training
- Existing customer relationships and/or prospective relationships

Consideration

- Employment or continued employment
- Promotion, raise, bonus
- **\$\$\$\$**

Reasonable limitations

- Length of time
- Geography



Drafting Agreements

- Narrowly tailored restrictions
- Reasonable restrictions
 - What restrictions are allowed by your state?
 - Does your state have limits on low-wage earners or certain professions/job titles?
- How to make it assignable
- Does your state "blue-pencil" and what does that mean?
- Know who signs them



Implementing Agreements

- Stand-alone contracts not part of a handbook or employment agreement
- Decide who gets them
 - Executives, high-level sales, certain professionals
- State notice requirements
- Consideration requirements, including timing of consideration
- Know when your state requires signing
 - Before employment, first day of employment, during employment



Handing Them Out Is Not Enough

- Understand applicant's agreements with prior employer
- Protect trade secrets and confidential information
 - Data security the more valuable the secret, the more protection it needs
- Protect company against unlawful competition
 - Understand your state's stance on selective enforcement and inevitable disclosure



Some of the "Problem" States — It's Not Just California Anymore

Massachusetts

- Restrictions on geography and length
- Conditions on enforcement, including paying employee compensation during restriction

Oregon

- 2-week notice in an written offer letter
- Must be paid a salary exceeding \$100,533, adjusted for inflation OR receive specific severance

Illinois

- Low-wage restrictions (\$75,000 non-compete; \$45,000 non-solicit)
- Industry restrictions
- Employee review period 14 days with attorney



Some of the "Problem" States

Washington

- Salary requirements
- Garden leave when there is a layoff, employee must be paid base salary during the restricted period

Nevada

- Carve out for customers, if there was no solicitation and the customer moved voluntarily
- Can't enforce non-compete against hourly employees

• Virginia

- Low wage restrictions
- Poster requirements
- Assignment issues



How to Handle Multistate Agreements

- Separate agreements
- One agreement with riders
 - May lose some rights in employer-friendly states
- Choice of law provisions



Enforcement – Upon Termination

- Be prepared to move quickly
- Turn off access
- Preserve everything email, cell phone, laptop, messaging
- Provide employee with copy of agreement
- Send reminder letter/cease and desist letter
- Be mindful of violations and damages
- Be ready to mitigate damages



Thank you!

Michael D. Ray

201 S. College St., 23rd FL, Charlotte, NC 28244

michael.ray@ogletree.com

Phone: 704.405.3133

J. Allen Thomas

8529 Six Forks Road, Forum IV, Suite 600, Raleigh, NC 27615

allen.thomas@ogletree.com

Phone: 919.789.3177

