

the in-house bar association SM

Material Type: Article

Title: Outline of Legal Specifications in the Design of International Strategic Alliances

Source: Stephen J. Petras, Jr.; Baker & Hostetler LLP

Outline of Legal Specifications in the Design of International Strategic Alliances

As presented to the ACCA Northeast Ohio Chapter, June 17, 1999

Reprinted with permission.

I. FRAME ISSUES

- A. Structure
- B. Operations
- C. Tax

II. FRAME RELATIONSHIPS

A. Direct Sales

- 1. Structure
 - a. Response to Purchase Order or Inquiry
 - b. Generally No Permanent Establishment

2. Operations

- a. Terms of Sale
 - i. Delivery
 - ii. Freight
 - iii. Packaging
 - iv. Customs and Charges
 - v. Title Transfer

b. Payment Terms

- i. Cash or Credit
- ii. Letter of Credit
- iii. Collection Procedures
- iv. Acceptance
- v. Warranty
 - A. Express
 - B. Implied

c. Risks

- i. Non-payment
- ii. Damage to Goods
- iii. Product Liability

3. Tax

- a. Domestic v. Foreign Source Income
- b. Use of Foreign Sales Corporation

B. Representative / Agent

- 1. Structure
 - a. Longer Term Contractual Relationship
 - 1. Paid a Commission to Develop Direct Sales
 - 2. Commitment to Support
 - A. Materials
 - B. Technical and/or Marketing Assistance
 - b. Employment v. Independent Contractor
 - c. Access to Confidential and Proprietary Information
 - i. Customers List and Data
 - ii. Trademark or Trade Name Usage
 - iii. Technical Information
 - d. Potential Permanent Establishment

2. Operations

- a. Title Not Transferred to Agent/Representative
- b. Agent Does Not Bear Risk of Non-payment
- c. Agent Does Not Take Possession
- d. Authority to Bind
 - i. Express
 - ii. Implied
- e. Risks
 - i. Non-Payment
 - ii. Damage to Goods
 - iii. Product Liability
 - A. General
 - B. Unauthorized Representations
 - iv. Foreign Employment
 - v. Restrictions on Termination
 - A. Foreign Law Protection
 - 1. Just Cause
 - 2. Notice Period
 - B. Indemnity Payments
- 3. Tax
 - a. Domestic v. Foreign Source Income
 - b. Use of Foreign Sales Corporation

C. Distributor

- 1. Structure
 - a. Longer Term Contractual Relationship
 - i. Supply and Stock
 - ii. Commitment to Support
 - A. Materials
 - P Technical and/or Marketing Assistance

- B. Technical and/or Marketing Assistance
- b. Independent Contractor
- c. Access to Confidential and Proprietary Information
 - i. Trademark or Trade Name Usage
 - ii. Technical Information
 - iii. Control of Local Customers List and Data
- d. Potential Permanent Establishment

2. Operations

- a. Buys at Wholesale and Resells at Mark-up
- b. Title Transfers
- c. Stocks the Goods
- d. Bears Risk of Non-payment from Customer
- e. Authority to Bind
 - i. Generally None as to Sales
 - ii. Implied as to Warranties

f. Risks

- i. Non-payment from Distributor
- ii. Damage to Goods
- iii. Product Liability
 - A. General
 - B. Unauthorized Representations
- iv. Uncontrolled Pricing
- v. Intra-Network Competition

3. Tax

- a. Domestic v. Foreign Source Income
- b. Use of Foreign Sales Corporation

D. Direct Sales Office

1. Structure

- a. Permanent Establishment in Foreign Country
 - i. Branch
 - ii. Subsidiary Corporation
 - iii. Subsidiary Limited Liability Entity

b. Ownership and Control

- i. Local Restrictions
- ii. Local Incentives
- iii. Local Reporting
- c. Confidential and Proprietary Information
 - i. Control of Customer List and Data
 - ii. Trademarks and Trade Names
 - iii. Technical Items
 - A. Local Protections
 - B. Mandatory Local Disclosures
 - C. Compulsory Licensing

2. Operations

a. Promote Sales and Service

- b. Stock Goods
- c. Employees
 - i. Immigration Restrictions
 - ii. Local Employment Requirements
 - iii. Communications

d. Risks

- i. Local Labor Laws
- ii. Workers' Compensation
- iii. Medical Benefits
- iv. Property Rights and Ownership
- v. Damage to Goods
- vi. Product Liability
- vii. Business Interruption
- viii. Restrictive Repatriation

3. Tax

- a. Subject to Foreign Taxation
 - i. Income
 - ii. Employment
 - iii. Property
 - iv. Sales / Value Added
 - v. Others
- b. Subject to U.S. Income Taxation
 - i. Attempts to Equalize Effect of Branch v. Subsidiary
 - ii. IRS may Reallocate Income, Deductions, Credits or Allowances
 - iii. Domestic v. Foreign Source Income
 - A. Limitations on Foreign Tax Credits
 - B. Baskets
- c. International Tax Planning
 - i. Tax Treaty Analysis
 - A. Avoidance of Double Taxation
 - B. Reduce or Eliminate Withholding Tax
 - ii. Use of Intermediary Company
 - A. Favorable Treaty Relationships
 - B. Favorable Rates

E. Joint Venture

- 1. Structure
 - a. Joining of Two to Create a Third Business
 - b. Entity Selection Options
 - i. U.S. Corporation
 - ii. U.S. Partnership
 - iii. U.S. Limited Liability Company
 - iv. Foreign Corporation
 - v. Foreign Partnership
 - vi. Foreign Limited Liability Entity
 - c. Entity Selection Issues
 - i. Control
 - ii. Foreian Presence

- ii. Foreign Presence
- iii. Taxation
- d. Permanent Business Establishment

2. Operations

- a. Manufacturing and/or Selling
- b. User of Technology
 - i. Licensing
 - ii. Development
- c. Issue of Control
- d. Assets Contribution and Ownership
- e. Risks
 - i. Local Labor Laws
 - ii. Workers' Compensation
 - iii. Medical Benefits
 - iv. Property Rights and Ownership
 - v. Damage to Goods
 - vi. Product Liability
 - vii. Business Interruption
 - viii. Restrictive Repatriation

3. Tax

- a. Subject to Foreign Taxation
 - i. Income
 - ii. Employment
 - iii. Property
 - iv. Sales / Value Added
 - v. Others
- b. Subject to U.S. Income Taxation
 - i. Entity Selection Determinative
 - ii. IRS may Reallocate Income, Deductions, Credits or Allowances
 - iii. Domestic v. Foreign Source Income
 - A. Limitations on Foreign Tax Credits
 - 1. The Lesser of:
 - a. US Tax on World-Wide Income <-->
 Foreign Source Income/World-Wide Taxable Income
 - b. Actual Foreign Income Taxes Paid
 - B. Baskets
- c. International Tax Planning
 - i. Tax Treaty Analysis
 - A. Avoidance of Double Taxation
 - B. Reduce or Eliminate Withholding Tax
 - ii. Use of Intermediary Company
 - A. Favorable Treaty Relationships
 - B. Favorable Rates
- d. Very General Guidelines

d. Very General Guidelines

- Entity Recognized as Partnership for U.S. Income Tax Purposes Allows Flow Through of Profits and Losses
- ii. Structure Foreign Source Income to Offset Effect of Foreign Income Taxes
- iii. Beware of Potential to Recognize Built In Gain upon Contribution of Assets
- iv. Beware of Penalty Provisions of
 - A. Personal Holding Company
 - B. Accumulated Earnings IForeign Investment Company
 - C. Foreign Personal Holding Company
- v. Beware of Controlled Foreign Corporation Subpart F Income being Currently Taxed
- vi. Beware of Sale of Interest in Controlled Foreign Corporation Generating Dividend Income
- vii. Beware of Superroyalty on Contribution of Intangible Property

III. U.S. Laws

A. Export Administration Act

- 1. Export License
 - a. General
 - b. Validated
- 2. Restricted Commodity
- 3. Prohibited Destination
- 4. Application to Technology
 - a. Equipment
 - b. Personnel
- 5. Prohibited Trans-shipment
- 6. Civil and Criminal Penalties

B. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act

- 1. Anti-bribery
- 2. Having a Reason to Know Circumstance Exists that Bribe is Substantially Certain to Occur
- 3. Facilitating Payments
- 4. Civil and Criminal Penalties

C. Anti-Boycott Provisions of EEA

- 1. Illegal Boycotts Prohibited
- 2. Discrimination Prohibited
- 3. Civil and Criminal Penalties
- D. Anti-Trust

IV. Foreign Investment Risks

A. Political

- 1. Expropriation
- 2. Nationalization
- 3. Confiscation
- 4. Contract Repudiation
- B. Currency Inconvertibility

- B. Currency Inconvertibility
 - 1. No Exchange into Dollars
 - 2. Discriminatory Exchange Rates
- C. Political Violence
 - 1. War
 - 2. Revolution
 - 3. Insurrection
 - 4. Civil Strife
- D. Politically Motivated Violence
 - 1. Terrorism
- E. Credit
- F. Environmental
 - 1. Compliance
 - 2. Emission Standards
 - 3. Waste
 - 4. Clean-up
- G. Foreign Laws
 - 1. Contract Restrictions
 - a. Choice of Law
 - b. Dispute Resolution
 - c. Mandatory Severance
 - d. Control
 - 2. Competition
 - 3. Intellectual Property
 - a. First to File
 - b. Compulsory Licensing
 - c. Public Domain
 - d. Short Term Monopoly
 - e. Weak Protection Systems
- H. Custom and Practice
 - 1. Business Relations
 - 2. Litigation

STEPHEN J. PETRAS, JR. Baker & Hostetler LLP 3200 National City Center 1900 East 9th Street Cleveland, Ohio 44114-3485

Phone: (216) 861-7862 Telefax: (216) 696-0740

E-Mail: spetras@bakerlaw.com

Back to Top

American Corporate Counsel Association. 1025 Connecticut Ave, NW, Suite 200, Washington, DC 20036-5425. 202/293-4103. webmistress@acca.com. © Copyright 1998 American Corporate Counsel Association. All rights reserved.