

The pitfalls and challenges of intra-group guarantees under Swiss law

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1. Overview

- Definitions
- Contract law
- Corporate law
- Bankruptcy law
- Tax law
- Conclusion/Summary











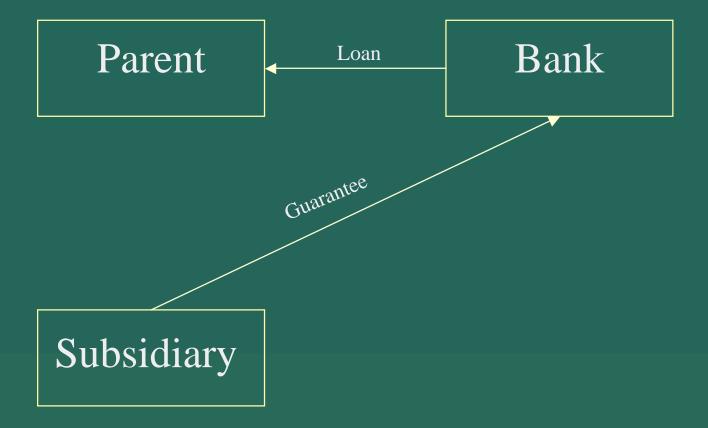
2. Definitions

- Group
 - No definition under Swiss law
 - Art. 663 e (1) Swiss Code of Obligations (group accounts): common management as a result of majority holding of votes or otherwise.
- Intra-group
 - Downstream
 - Upstream
 - Cross-stream
 - ⇒ Up/Cross-stream guarantee (by a Swiss company) in favour of (direct or indirect) parent or sister company (note: also security).



2. Definitions (2)







3. Contract law

- → Guarantee (porte-fort) vs. surety (cautionnement)
- Independence
- Form requirements











4. Corporate Law (1)

- → Guarantee against adequate consideration ?
- Fee
- Other benefit
- ⇒ Assumption that no or insufficient consideration



4. Corporate Law (2)

- → Guarantee within corporate purpose ?
- Capacity of corporate bodies to enter into the guarantee?
- Ultra Vires: guarantee null and void

⇒ Check/amend articles of association









4. Corporate Law (3)

- → Repayment of share capital?
- Art. 680 (2) of the Swiss Code of Obligations: no right to claim repayment of the capital
- Amount which can be distributed to shareholders as dividend
- Guarantee null and void

⇒ Limit guarantee to amount which can be distributed as dividend (profits and distributable reserves) at time of payment.









4. Corporate Law (4)

- → Hidden distribution of dividends?
- Art. 678 (2) of the Swiss Code of Obligations: shareholders/directors and related persons to repay the company amounts received if clear disproportion with (i) consideration and (ii) economic situation of the company

- ⇒ Shareholders resolution to authorise distribution of dividends
- ⇒ Limit to amount which can be distributed as dividend



4. Corporate Law (5)



- Art. 754 of the Swiss Code of Obligations: liability of directors
- Damages to company, creditors
- ⇒ Limit to amount which can be distributed as dividend











5. Bankruptcy Law

- → Challenge of guarantee for fraudulent preference
- Art. 286 Swiss Bankruptcy Law: gift, if within one year preceding the guarantor's bankruptcy
- Art. 287 Swiss Bankruptcy Law: guarantee for an existing debt if, within one year preceding the guarantor's bankruptcy and if guarantor is over-indebted
- Art. 288 Swiss Bankruptcy Law: guarantee to harm creditors or favour creditors, if within five years preceding the guarantor's bankruptcy
- ⇒ Check economic situation of guarantor



6. Tax Law

- → Financial contribution
- Withholding tax: withheld at guarantor level
 - 35%
- Income tax: at parent/sister level
 - Taxable income = arm's length consideration



7. Conclusion/Summary

If up/cross-stream guarantee with no adequate consideration:



- Limit amount of guarantee to amount payable as dividend
- Have guarantee approved by shareholders' meeting (in addition to approval by board of directors)
- Check financial situation of guarantor
- Withhold 35% withholding tax